

Defining and Mapping soil based ecosystem services at different scales: a flexible methodological approach at multiple governance levels

C. Calzolari, F. Ungaro, S. Bazzocchi

National Research Council of Italy, Institute of Biometeorology (CNR IBiMet), Sesto F.no Italy
Comune di Forlì'

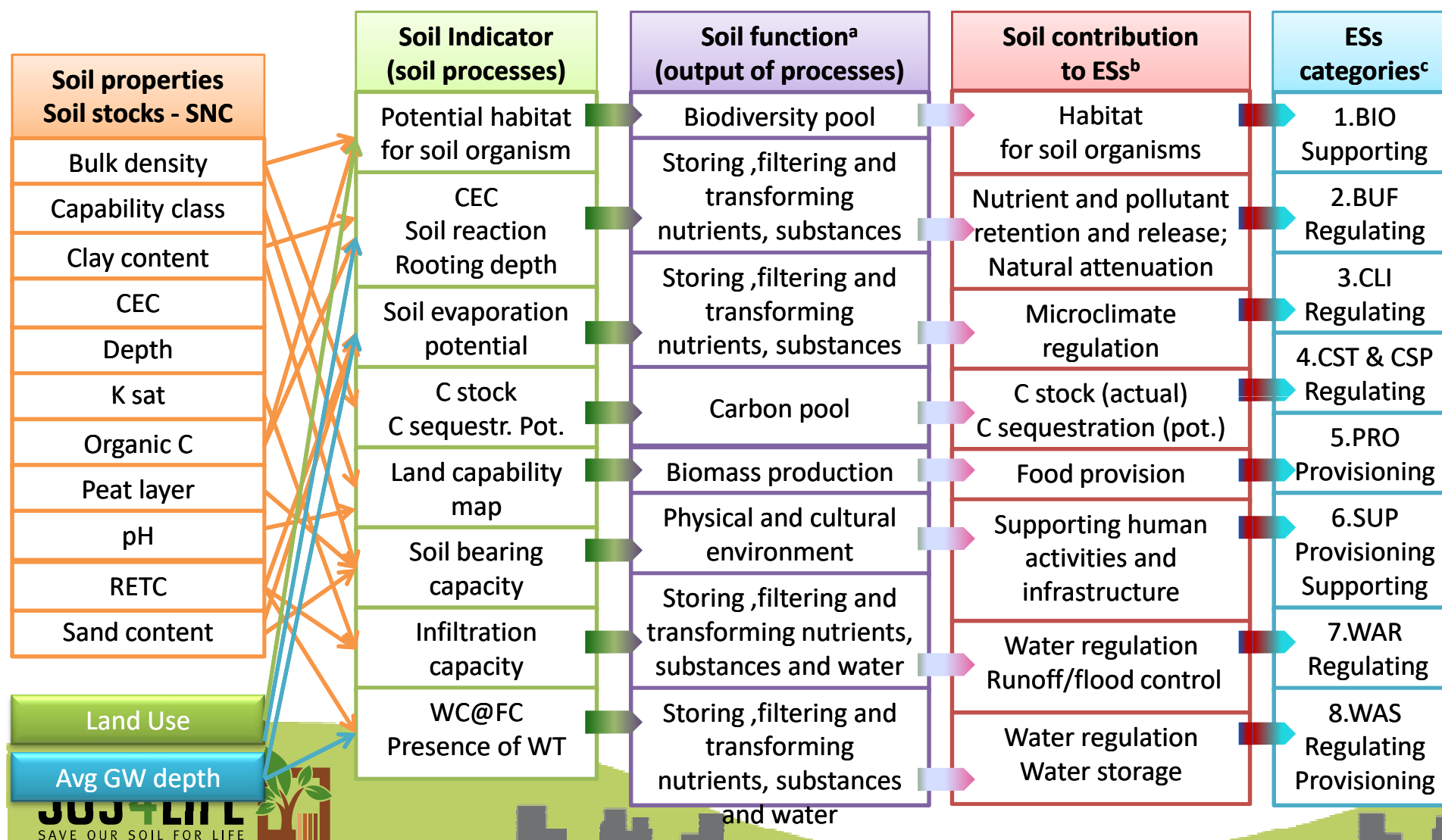
LIFE Programme 2014-2020 (Call 2015)

Title:	Save Our Soil for LIFE
Acronym:	SOS4LIFE
Sector:	Resource Efficiency
Start:	01/07/2016
End:	31/10/2019
Total budget :	€ 1.788.749,00
EU Contribution :	€ 1.060.551,00

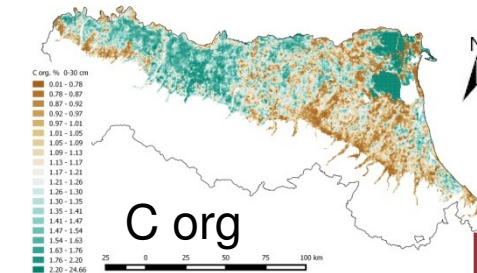
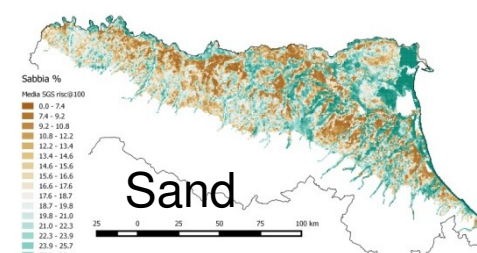
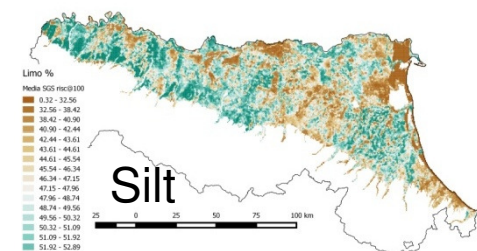
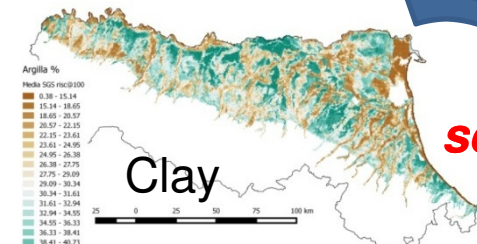
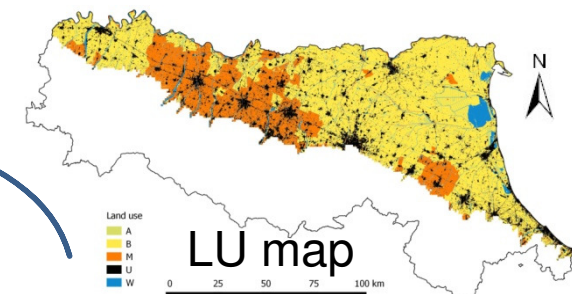
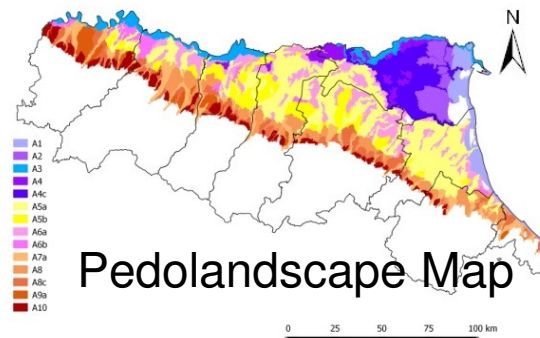
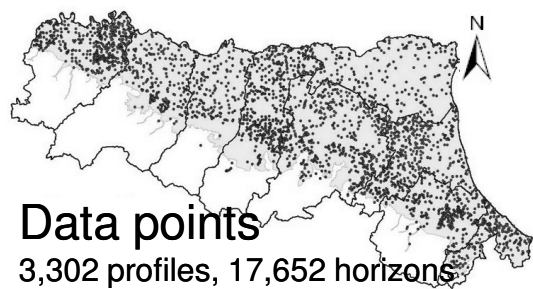
Save our Soil for Life – SOS4LIFE

- Evaluate **ecosystems services** provided by **urban and peri-urban soils** and quantify costs and impacts caused by **land take and soil sealing**
- Define a viable regulation framework and operational tools to achieve, at the municipal level, the **no net land take** target and promote **urban regeneration**
- Promote and practice **de-sealing interventions** as a way to compensate newly urbanized areas and improve the urban resilience
- Develop a **Urban and Soil Decision Support System** to be adopted by municipalities and regions for monitoring land use change, soil-sealed areas, urban regeneration processes, soil ecosystem services
- Raising **awareness** on the need **to save our soils** among decision makers, technicians, citizenship.

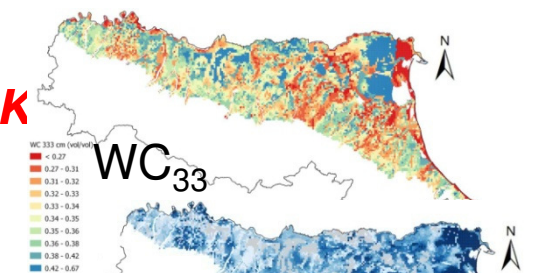
ESs: underpinning soil functions, indicators and data



Regional scale

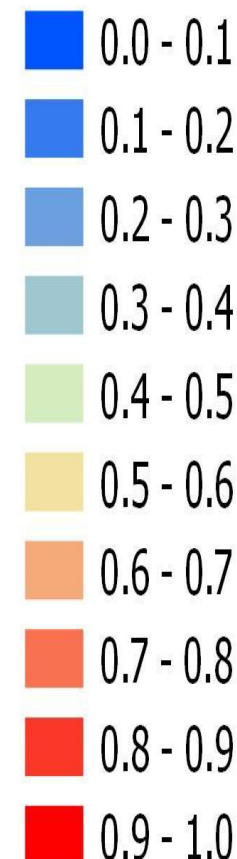


**1. SGS
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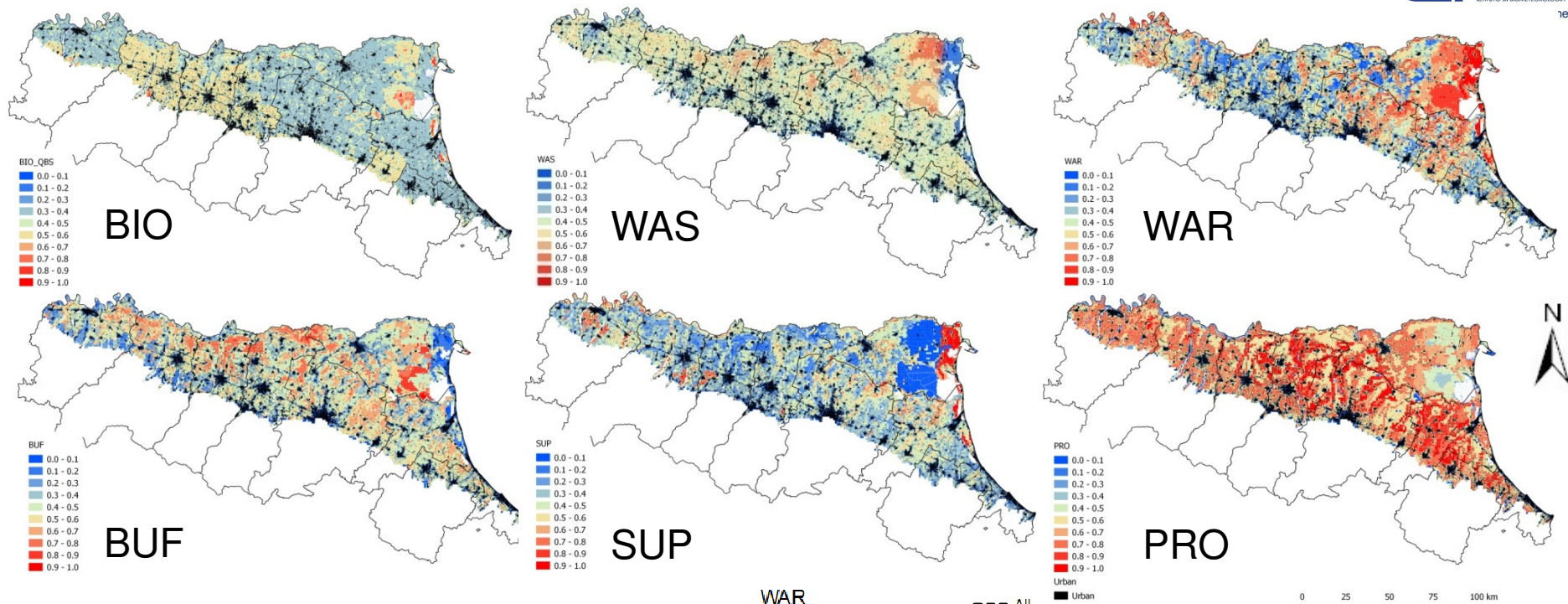


NORMALISED INDEXES FOR EACH SOIL FUNCTION

- Provision
Biomass production (PRO)
- Regulation
***Soil buffer capacity (BUF),
Microclimate regulation (CLI)
Water storage (WAS),
Water infiltration (WAR),
Carbon sink actual and potential (CST, CSP),***
- Support
***Support to infrastructures (SUP)
Support to biodiversity (BIO)***
- Based on existing **data** and **maps**, definition of **indicators**
- Calculation, normalisation (**0-1**) and **mapping** (value 0 indicates the relative minimum for each indicator)



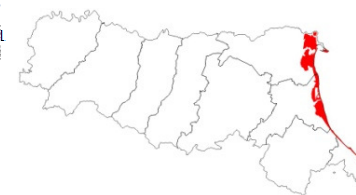
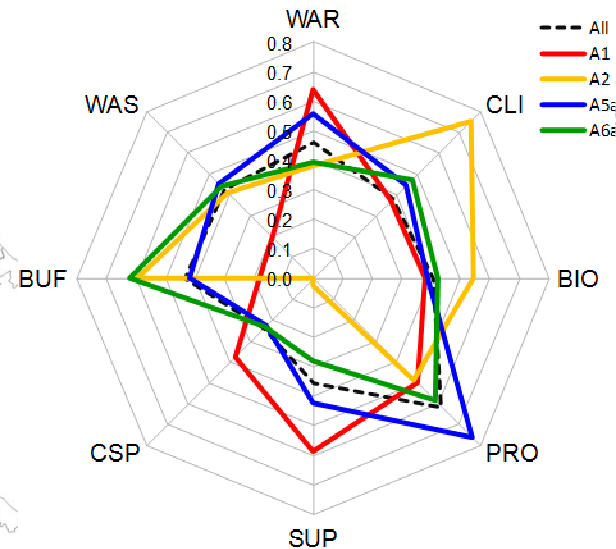
Mapping the potential contribution of soils to ES at regional scale



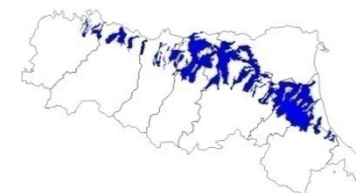
Unit A2 - Fine textured soils, with organic layers and peat of recently reclaimed area of Po river delta plain



Unit A6a - Fine textured soils of the depressions of the Apennines recent alluvial plain

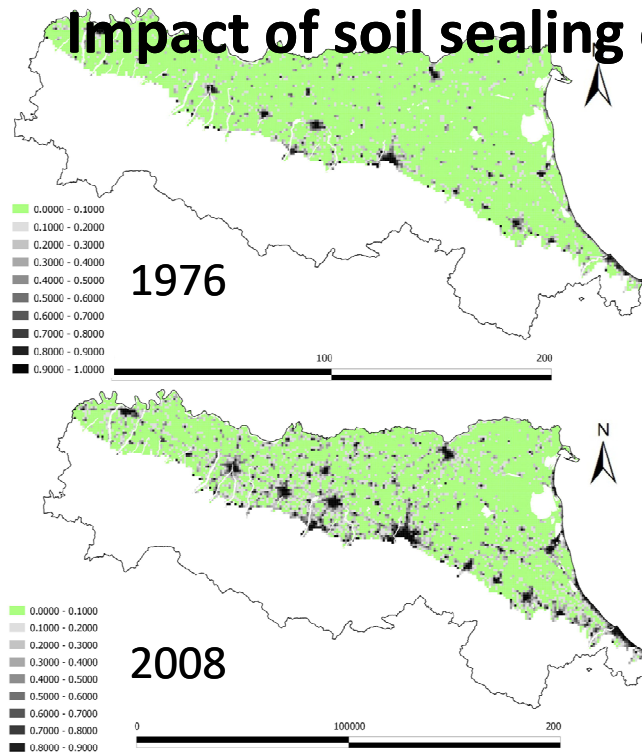


Unit A1 - Coarse textured soils of coastal plain



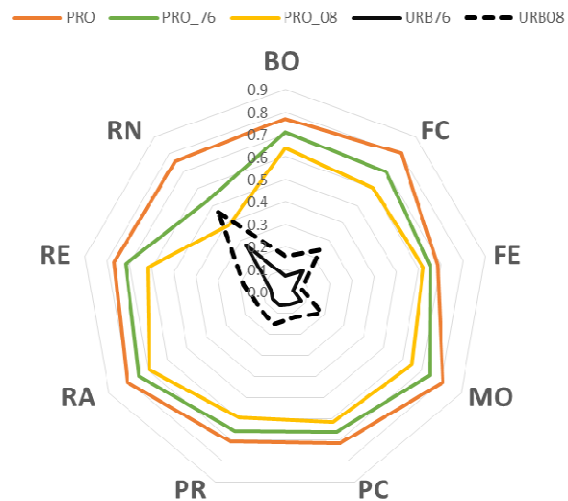
Unit A5a - Loamy textured soils of the levee areas of the Apennines recent alluvial plain

Impact of soil sealing on Ess at regional scale

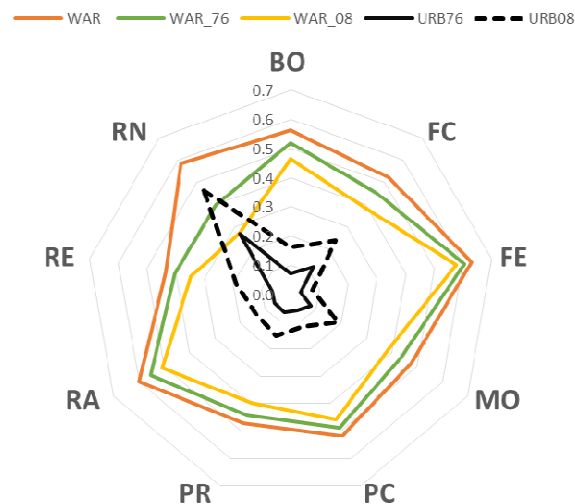


	1976	2008	diff.
PRO	0.693	0.628	-9.4%
BUF	0.515	0.435	-15.5%
WAS	0.425	0.388	-8.6%
WAR	0.504	0.459	-9.1%
CSP	0.306	0.277	-9.5%
SUP	0.389	0.36	-8.1%
CLI	0.414	0.383	-7.6%
URB	0.067	0.149	122.4%

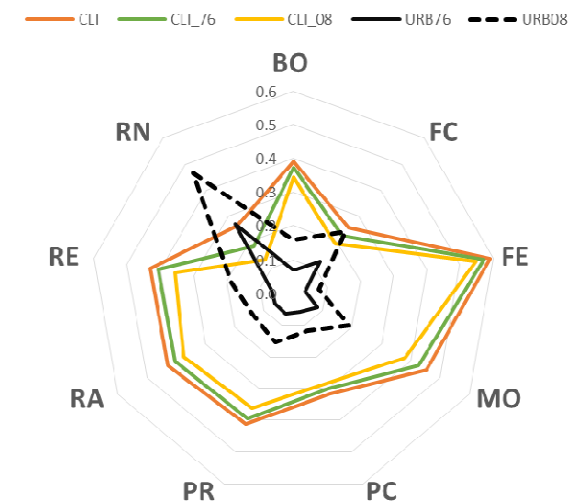
Soil sealing impact on production capacity



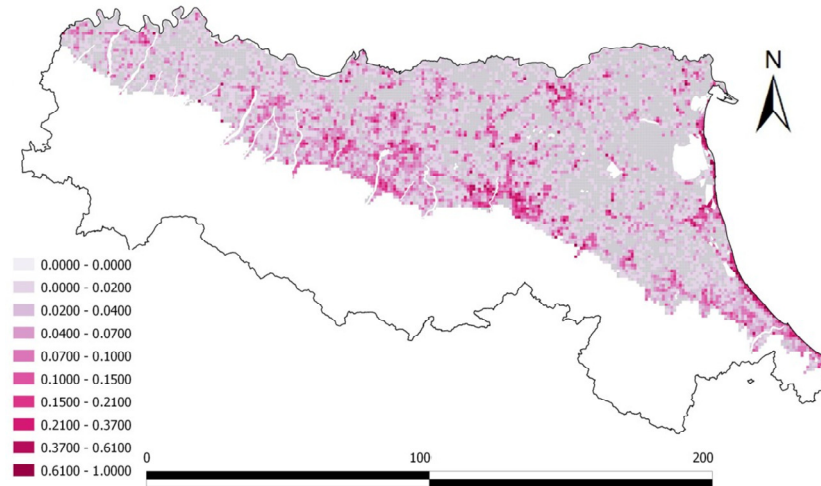
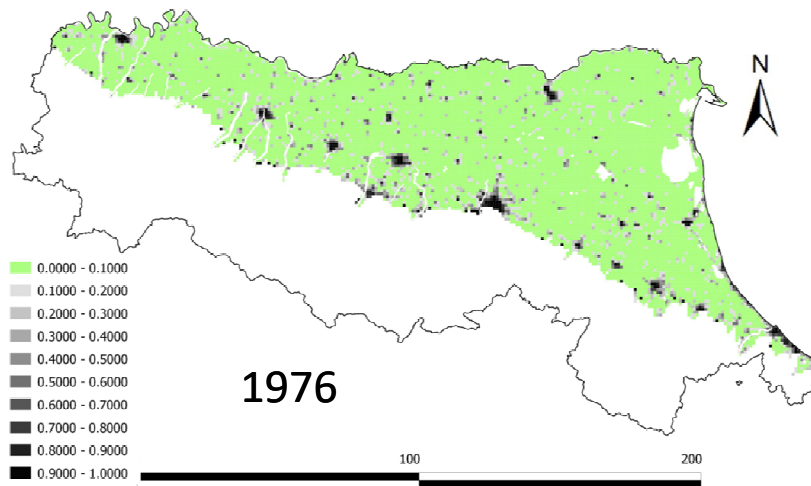
Soil sealing impact on water infiltration



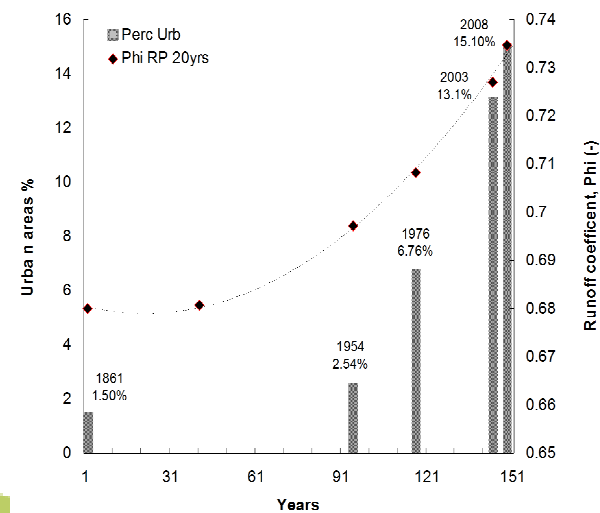
Soil sealing impact on microclimate regulation



Impact of soil sealing on runoff



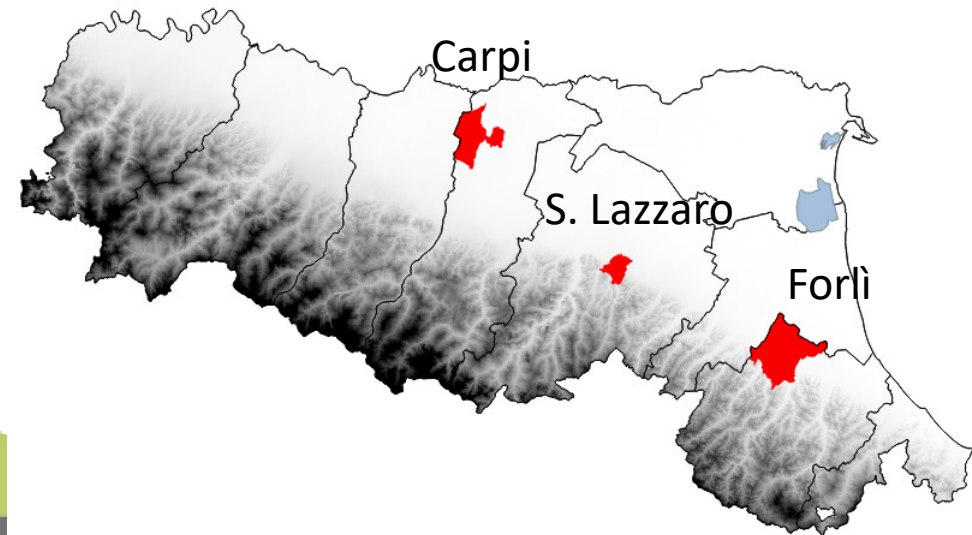
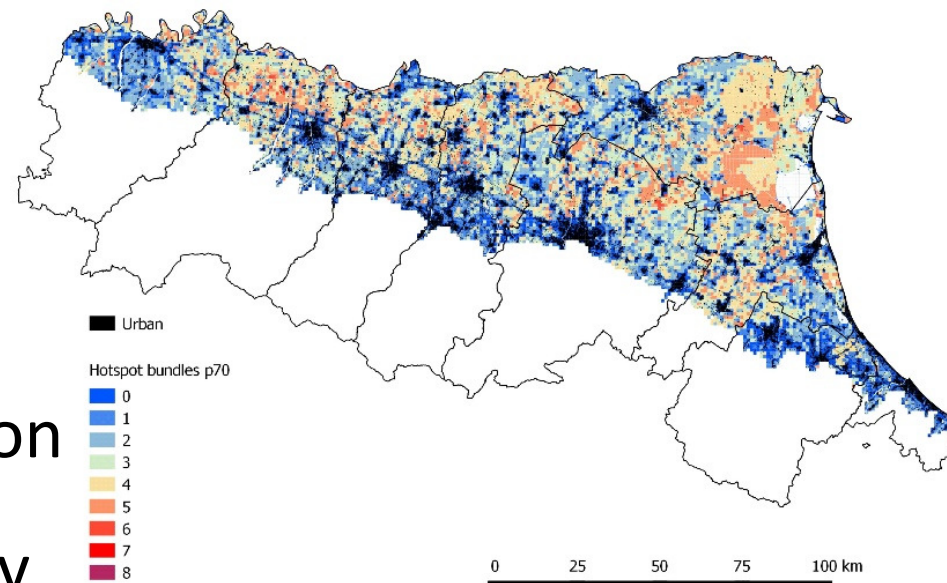
Difference between the Phi values at 1976 and 2008 (20-years RP)



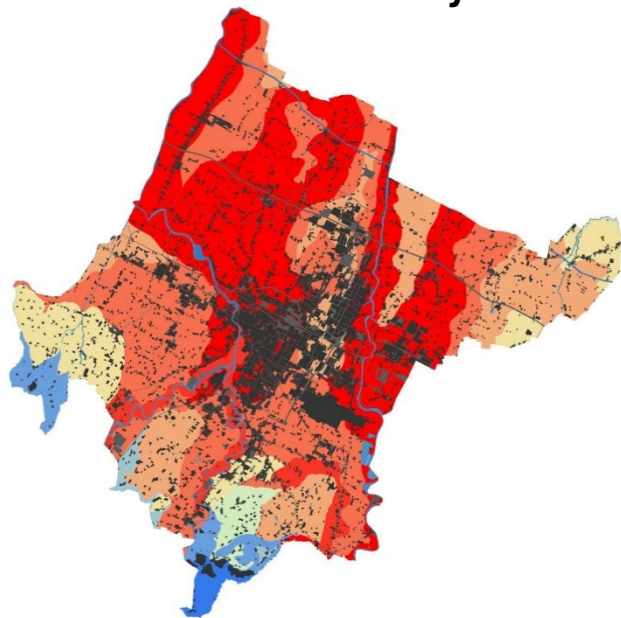
Municipal scale

Ecosystem Services at municipal scale and soil sealing impacts

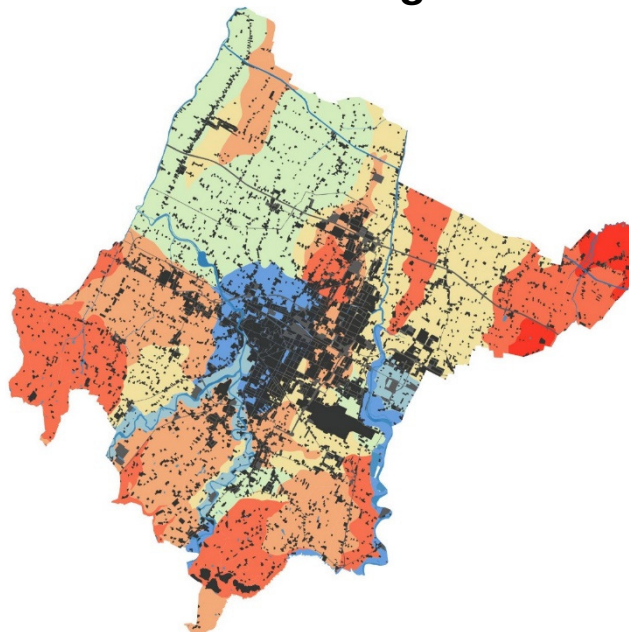
- Potential productivity
- Water regulation
- Microclimate regulation
- Support to biodiversity
- Soil Carbon Stock
- Buffering



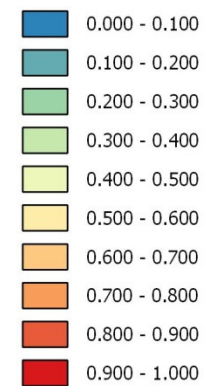
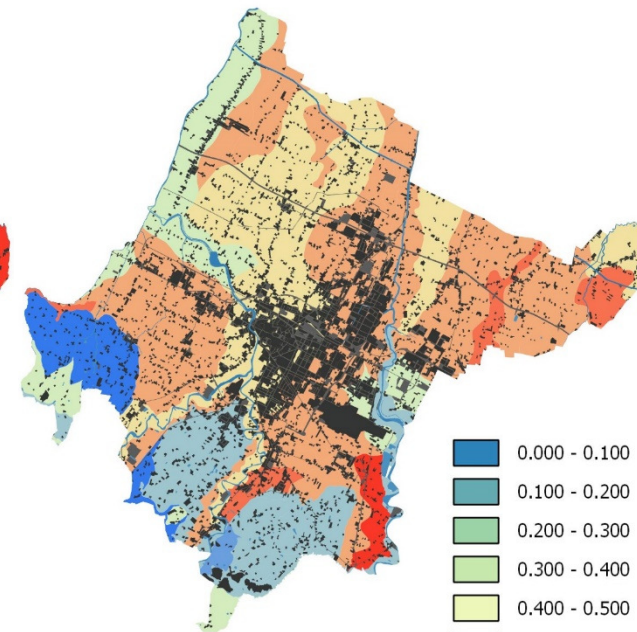
Productivity



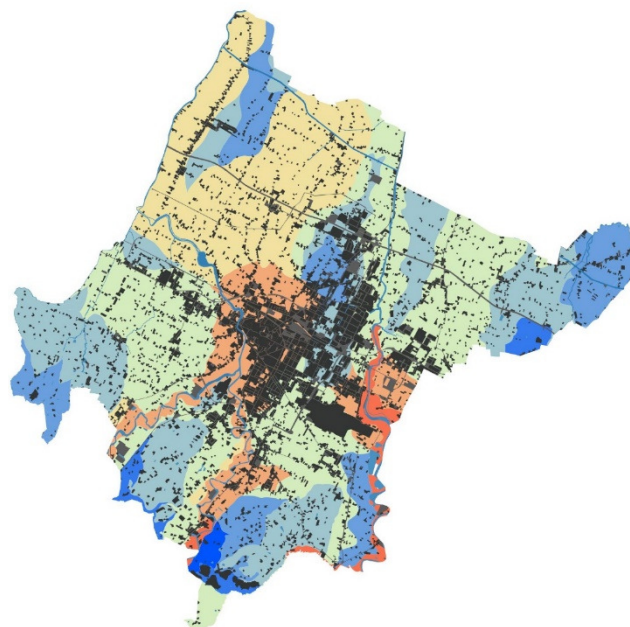
Buffering



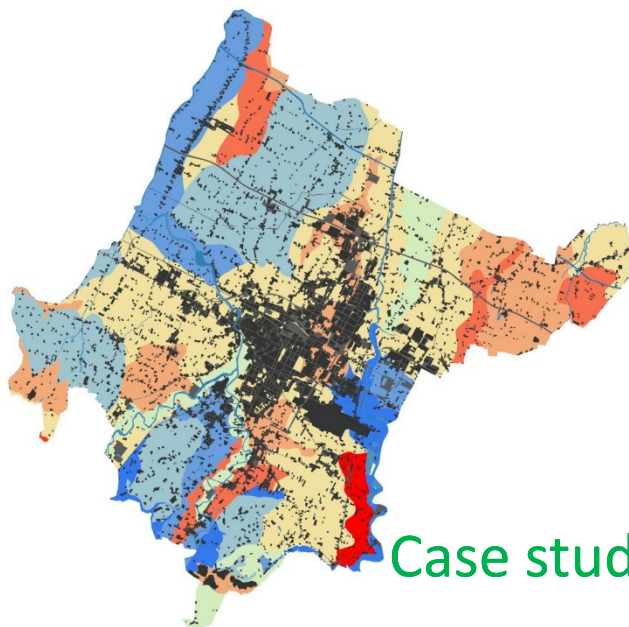
Soil Carbon Stock



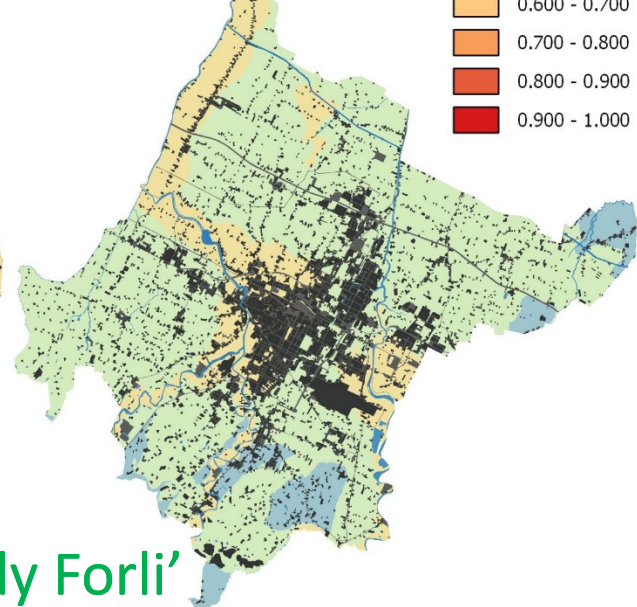
Water infiltration



Biodiversity



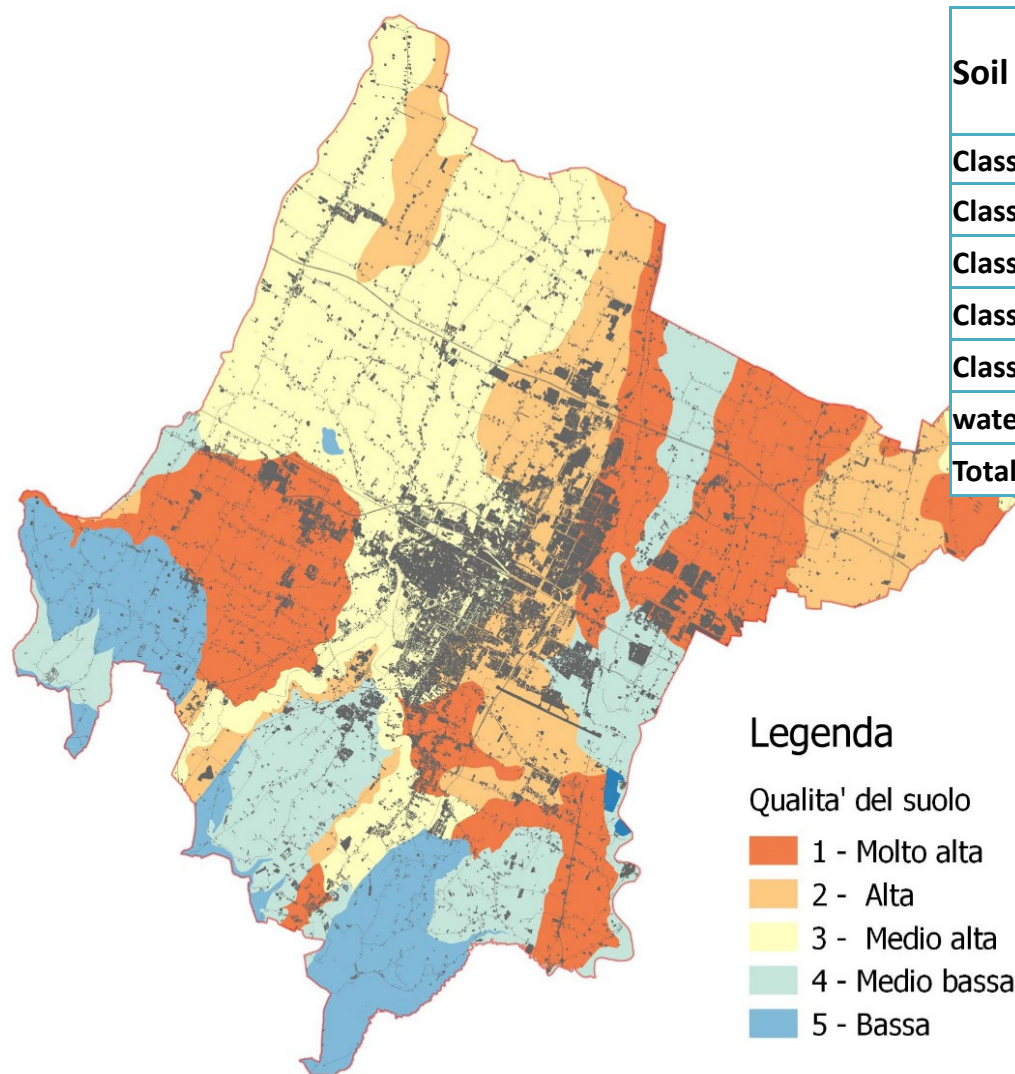
Microclimate



Case study Forlì'

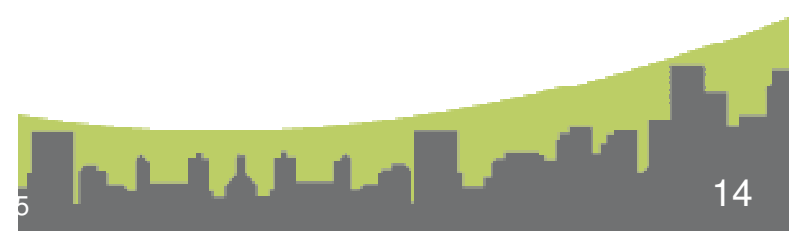
Soil quality assessment to support compensation

Overall soil quality can be then assessed as the sum of indicator values, then scaled 1-0. Soil quality classes are defined based on centiles of the distribution.



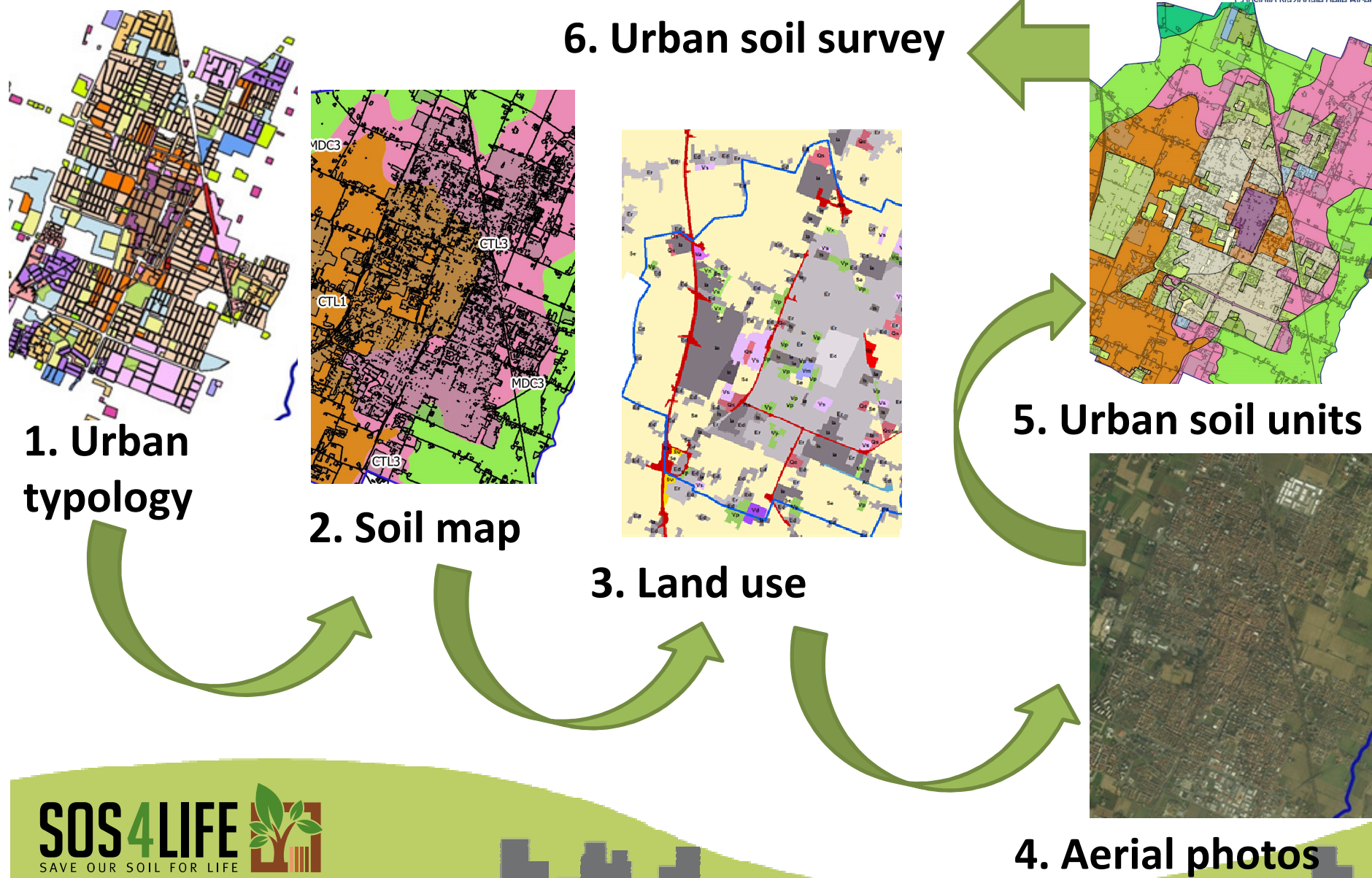
Soil quality class	Area tot (ha)	%	Sealed area (ha) ISPRA	% lost
Class 1 , > 80ile	5659.71	25%	937.51	17%
Class 2 <80 e > 60ile	4307.44	19%	690.95	16%
Class 3 <60 e > 40ile	7217.64	32%	1094.20	15%
Class 4 <40 e > 20ile	3368.61	15%	279.52	8%
Class 5 <20ile	2247.44	10%	159.83	7%
waters	35.10	0%	0.12	0%
Total	22835.94		3162.13	14%

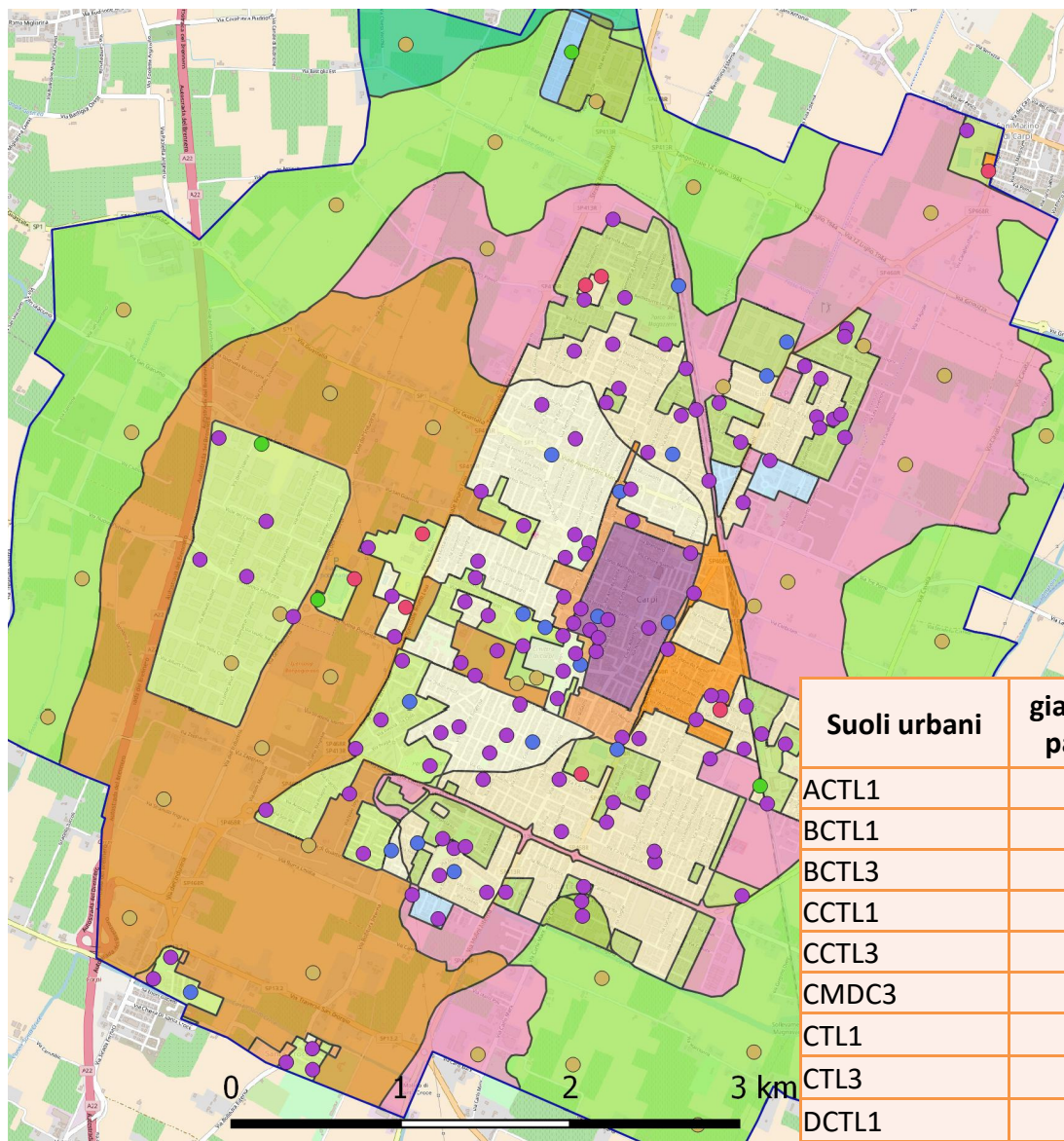
This can support decisions in land and urban planning and compensation policies



Urban scale

Soil ESs assessment at urban level: Carpi case study





punti rilevamento

- AG
- GP
- RT
- SP
- VI

suoli urbani

- ACTL1
- BCTL1
- BCTL3
- CCTL1
- CCTL3
- CMDC3
- CTL1
- CTL3



Suoli urbani	giardini/ parchi	rotonde/ aiuole	agricolo	verde sportivo	verde industriale	N
ACTL1	7	2				9
BCTL1	3	2				5
BCTL3	4					4
CCTL1	24	2	1	1		28
CCTL3	31	5	1	1	1	39
CMDC3	1					1
CTL1			7			7
CTL3	2		8			10
DCTL1	23	4	4	2	2	35
DCTL3	20	3	0	3	0	26
DMDC3	1	0	1	0	1	3
ECTL3		2				2
MDC3			15			15
SMB1/SMB2			1			1
All Grps	116	20	38	7	4	185

ESs in urban areas

BCTL1, public green area, about 10000 m²

- c.a. 74 Mg of C = 271.13 T CO₂
- c.a. 8000 m³ of water infiltration
- c.a. 1500 m³ of available water for plants and ET
- recreational value



Thanks for your attention!



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